

2023 WSRBA Royalty Duke & Duchess Test

TRUE OR FALSE.
Circle the correct answer.

- T F 1. Cavies came from Papua New Guinea.
- T F 2. There has never been an ARBA Convention held in Canada.
- T F 3. There are 10 districts in the ARBA.
- T F 4. Rabbits in a meat pen must be the same sex.
- T F 5. Roasters are older than stewers.
- T F 6. An exhibitor's entire entry can be DQed for faking.
- T F 7. When posing rabbits, it is important to make sure that the hind feet are set properly from side to side.
- T F 8. If one animal in a meat pen is disqualified, the entire pen is disqualified.
- T F 9. All disqualifications can be protested.
- T F 10. A registrar can choose to not register an animal, even if it does not have any disqualifications, if they feel it is not a good physical representation of the breed.
- T F 11. Rabbit meat is lower in cholesterol than any other meat, including chicken.
- T F 12. The ARBA headquarters are located in Illinois.
- T F 13. It is suggested that rabbits be fed in the morning.
- T F 14. Coprophagy should be discouraged in rabbits.
- T F 15. Himalayan variety Satins are shown in the colored fur class.
- T F 16. When the weather is cold, rabbits and cavies require more feed to maintain their body condition.
- T F 17. The biggest threat to a cavy is the human cold.
- T F 18. It is advisable to leave a sow in with a boar until after she delivers as he will help raise the babies.
- T F 19. It costs \$1 more to register a cavy than a rabbit to cover the cost of the registration tag.
- T F 20. An intermediate cavy is 6-8 months old.

_____ correct × 2 pt. each = _____ / 40

MATCH THE DISEASE

Write the letter of the correct description next to each disease or condition.

1. ____ Agalactia
 2. ____ Coccidiosis
 3. ____ Conjunctivitis
 4. ____ Dystocia
 5. ____ Enterotoxemia
 6. ____ Abscess
 7. ____ Malocclusion
 8. ____ Hutch Burn
 9. ____ Ketosis
 10. ____ Mastitis
 11. ____ Myxomatosis
 12. ____ Pea Eye
 13. ____ Pododermatitis
 14. ____ Vent Disease
 15. ____ Ringworm
 16. ____ Scurvy
 17. ____ Sore Eyes
 18. ____ Urinary Bladder Stones
 19. ____ RHD
 20. ____ Warbles
 21. ____ Wry Neck
- a. Improperly aligned teeth
 - b. Weepy eye
 - c. Infection of the teats in lactating does
 - d. Infection under the skin, often swollen with pus
 - e. Causes diarrhea, caused by dirty cages
 - f. A fungus
 - g. Infection & inflammation of the genitalia
 - h. Highly fatal hemorrhagic disease with several outbreaks in the US, a vaccine is available
 - i. Caused by botflies
 - j. Causes bloody urine, straining to urinate
 - k. A foot infection in cavies
 - l. Sudden death of doe right before or after kindling
 - m. Mosquitoes, flies, gnats, or fleas transmit it; a viral infection found on the coast
 - n. Occurs when a doe fails to produce milk
 - o. A luxation of a gland below the eye
 - p. Caused by an ear infection
 - q. Causes diarrhea, associated with feed high in energy and low in fiber
 - r. Difficulty kindling
 - s. Caused by lack of vitamin C
 - t. Area beneath eyelids filled with white pus
 - u. Scalded skin caused by urine from dirty cages

____ correct × 2 pts. each = ____ / 42

MATCHING VOCAB

Write the letter of the correct definition next to the vocab word.

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| 1. ____ Albino | a. A body type fault in which there is an abrupt and sharp vertical fall from the top of the hip to the tail. |
| 2. ____ Awn Fluff | b. A class of domestic cavy which reproduces distinctive characteristics of markings, texture, type, size, coat pattern, etc. |
| 3. ____ Awn Hair | c. A colored line of fur that outlines the sides and tips of the ears. |
| 4. ____ Bone | d. A group of cavies having the color of the coat broken up into orderly patches or patterns. |
| 5. ____ Breed | e. A line of raised hair shafts which separate the rosettes in the coat of the Abyssinian and Abyssinian Satin. |
| 6. ____ Butterfly | f. A nose marking found on some marked breeds and Broken varieties. |
| 7. ____ Charlie | g. A pendulous fold of loose skin that hangs from the throat. |
| 8. ____ Chopped | h. A rounded, fleshy protuberance above the shoulders and neck of cavies. |
| 9. ____ Cobby | i. A short and stocky body type which is close coupled and very compact. |
| 10. ____ Crimp | j. A white rabbit with pink eyes caused by a recessive gene, rendering the rabbit unable to produce any colored pigment. |
| 11. ____ Crown | k. An extremely lightly marked animal in marked breeds or Broken Groups. |
| 12. ____ Dewlap | l. Any dyeing, plucking, trimming, or clipping so as to alter appearance with the intent to deceive. |
| 13. ____ Ear Lacing | m. Elongated rosette of an Ayssinian or Abyssinian Satin, often lacking a pinpoint center, and running past the point where it should stop at a ridge. |
| 14. ____ Faking | n. Failures of a cavy which, although not serious enough to warrant Disqualification, detract from the overall perfection of the specimen. |
| 15. ____ Faults | o. The area of the foot that carries the weight of the rabbit. |
| 16. ____ Finish | p. The condition of a rabbit where the skin hangs loosely on the body. Not trim, shapely, or firm of flesh. |
| 17. ____ Flabby | q. The degree of shine of normal-coated breeds. |
| 18. ____ Gutter | r. The desired degree of perfection in condition. Fully prime in coat, color, and flesh. |
| 19. ____ Hock | s. The natural waviness of the fiber in a wool undercoat. |
| 20. ____ Kink | t. The principle feature of the Satin mutation. A bright, natural shine attributed to the unique structure of the hair shaft. |
| 21. ____ Lactate | u. The soft, crimped, intermediate wool fibers ending with a straight tip. |
| 22. ____ Luster | v. The strong, straight, guard hair protruding above the undercoat in the Giant Angora. |
| 23. ____ Marked | w. The term used to describe the skeletal structure of a rabbit. |
| 24. ____ Ridge | x. The waviness found along the length of the individual hair within the coat of the Teddy and Teddy Satin. |
| 25. ____ Sheen | y. To produce milk. |

____ correct × 1 pts. each = ____ / 25

NAME THE BREED

For each description, name the correct breed.

1. This cavy breed has ringlets.

2. This cavy breed is the most popular and has the most showroom varieties.

3. This cavy breed must have 8 rosettes and sheen.

4. This cavy breed is not recognized in white.

5. This rabbit breed must have ears at least 21 inches in length from tip to tip.

6. This rabbit breed comes in one color, is white, and has normal fur.

7. This rabbit breed must have a face split and bars or bands. Its markings must alternate.

8. This rabbit breed has a saddle, blaze, and stops.

9. This rabbit breed comes in only blue and white.

10. This rabbit breed is born black and "silvers" as it ages.

11. This rabbit breed is the smallest of the Chinchilla breeds.

12. This rabbit breed must have a graduated chain marking.

13. This rabbit breed is the largest in size.

14. This angora breed has a compact body type.

15. This lopped rabbit breed has wool.

16. This rabbit breed first originated from a litter of chocolate Havanas.

17. This rabbit breed has eyebands and its name means "White of Hotot".

18. This rabbit breed has a mane.

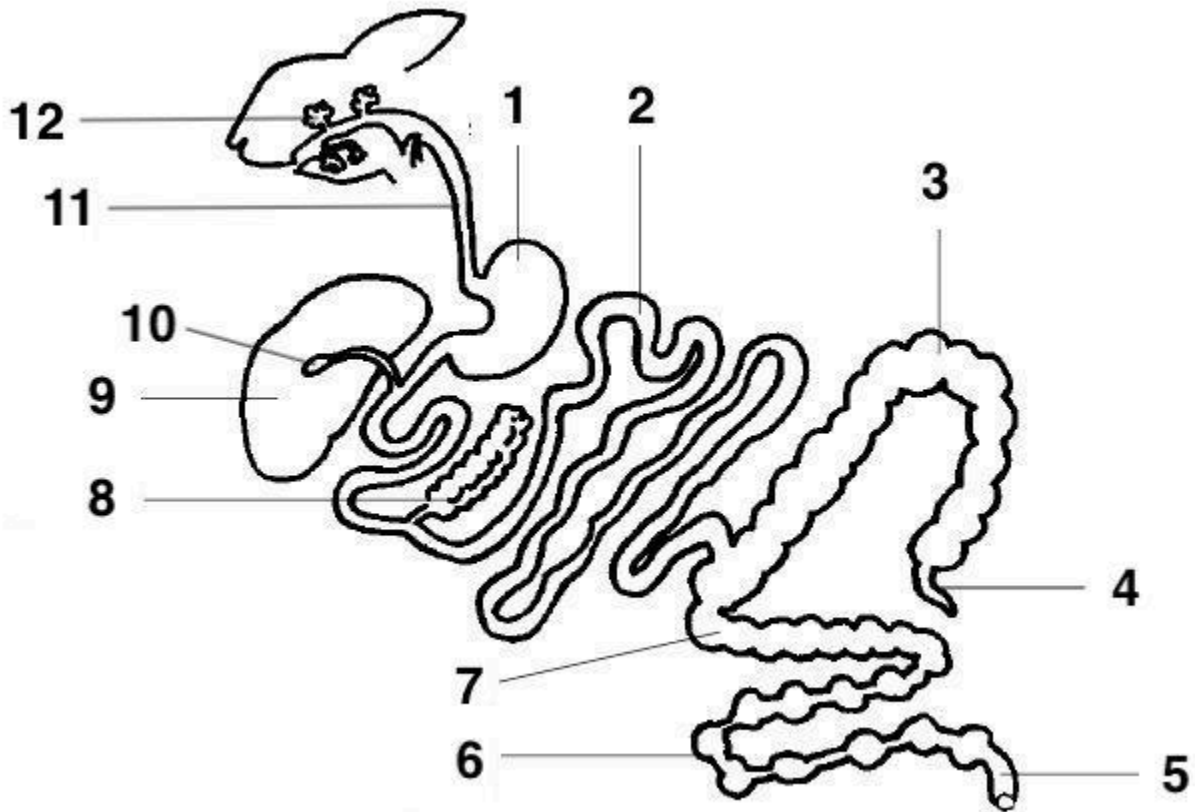
19. This rabbit breed is the only one with standing fur.

20. This rabbit breed originated in Montana.

___ correct × 2 pts. each = ___ / 40

RABBIT DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

Match the name of each organ to its number on the drawing.



1. ___ Anus

2. ___ Appendix

3. ___ Caecum

4. ___ Colon

5. ___ Esophagus

6. ___ Gallbladder

7. ___ Liver

8. ___ Pancreas

9. ___ Rectum

10. ___ Salivary Glands

11. ___ Small Intestine

12. ___ Stomach

___ correct × 2 pts. each = ___ / 24

FILL-IN-THE-BLANKS

Answer the following questions.

1. Name the 5 lop breeds.

2. Name the 5 varieties of the Silver Marten breed.

3. Name the 7 rabbit breeds that disqualify for a dewlap.

4. In a class of 4 Jersey Wooly self junior does, with 2 exhibitors, none are disqualified. In the breed there are a total of 5 does shown with 2 exhibitors. In the self junior doe class, the first place animal earns ____ points, the second place animal earns ____ points, the third place animal earns ____ points, and the fourth place animal earns ____ points. The junior doe goes on to win Best Opposite of Group and Best Opposite Sex of Breed. This show is a WSRBA sanctioned show. How many total sweepstakes points will the doe have won?

____ Does the doe receive a leg? ____

5. Who is the WSRBA President? _____

6. Who is the WSRBA Youth Chair? _____

7. Meat pens are judged on 4 qualities: condition, fur, meat type, and uniformity. List the qualities in order from most (receives the most points) to least important.

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____
- d. _____

____ correct × 1 pts. each = ____ / 29
____ + ____ =